#### Hirokawa Laboratory: Theory of Computation

#### Nao Hirokawa, Associate Professor

#### **Area: Term Rewriting**

Programming Languages

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Programming Languages

Automated Theorem Proving

```
quick sort (in C)
  void gsort(int *a, int n)
    if (n \le 0) return:
    int i = 0, j = n - 1, x = a[n / 2];
    do {
      while (a[i] < x) i++:
      while (x < a[j]) j - -;
      if (i <= j) swap(a, i++, j--);
    } while (i \le j);
    qsort(a, j);
    gsort(a + i, n - i):
  }
```

quick sort (in Haskell)

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power of state-of-art complexity analyzers:

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- merge sort:  $O(n^2)$
- quick sort: not analyzable
- Euclidean algorithm:  $O(n^2)$

actually  $O(n \log n)$ actually  $O(n^2)$ actually O(n)

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x<sup>4</sup> - y<sup>4</sup> = 0 ?
 YES! easy if you are aware of y<sup>2</sup> = 1, x<sup>2</sup> = y

 x<sup>5</sup> - y<sup>5</sup> = 0 ?
 NO! counterexample: (x, y) = (-1, 1)

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**Research Topics:** 

deformation, lemma discovery, ...

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#### **Research Topics:**

- deformation, lemma discovery, ...
- completion, counterexample generation, ...

string equation ax = yb admits infinitely many solutions:

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 z: arbitrary string

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#### **Research Topics:**

- existence of solutions and solved forms, ...
- computation of solutions

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#### **Research Topics:**

- existence of solutions and solved forms, ...
- computation of solutions
- how about equation of programs? e.g., qsort([3, x, 1]) = [y, 3, 4]

#### **Braid Theory**



#### **Equivalence of Braids**

DEFINITION

 $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{B}} = \{\texttt{aba} \approx \texttt{bab}\}$ 



 ${f Q}$ aababab $pprox_{{\cal B}}$ ababab?

# 1st Year

- 10 —
- 11 —
- 12 –
- 1 soliving puzzles
- 2 deciding research theme
- 3
- 4 hanami
- 5
- 6
- 7 tool competition ...
- 8
- 9 domestric meeting



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# 2nd Year





- 10
- 11
- 11 :
- 12 :
  - 1 paper writing
  - 2
  - 3 domestic meeting
  - 4 hanami
  - 5
  - 6
  - 7 tool competition
  - 8 : 9 master's defen
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#### group seminars

#### 0.5-1 per week

12/14

#### **Seminars**

#### group seminars

#### 0.5-1 per week

individual meetings

0.5–1 per week

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0.5-1 per week

individual meetings

0.5-1 per week

reading group

0.5-1 per week



#### **Research Collaborations**

University of Innsbruck (Austria)



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(C) Pahu, CC BY-SA 3.0





(C) François Bernardin, CC BY 3.0

## **Our Laboratory**

rooms: **I-53, I-54** 

http://www.jaist.ac.jp/~hirokawa/laboratory/

join us if you are interested in

- principle of computation
- programming languages
- logic puzzles
- computer algebra and theorem provers